LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 366

Introduced By: Janssen, 15; Cornett, 45; Dierks, 40; Fischer, 43

Read first time: January 12, 2007

Committee: Revenue

A BILL

1 FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections 18-2115, 77-3443, 77-3445, 77-3501, 77-3509.01, 77-3509.02, 2 77-3509.03, 77-3510, 77-3511, 77-3512, 77-3516, 77-3521, 3 4 77-3522, 77-3523, 77-3529, 85-933, 85-1418, 85-1511, 85-1515, 85-1526, 85-1535, and 85-1537, Reissue Revised 5 6 Statutes of Nebraska, sections 13-503, 13-518, 13-519, 7 72-2302, 72-2303, 72-2304, 72-2306, 77-201, 77-1601.02, 77-3442, 77-3513, 77-3514, 77-5023, 85-1402, 85-1416, and 8 9 85-1503, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, and 10 section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, as affected by Referendum 2006, No. 422; to provide 11 for state funding of community colleges; to eliminate 12 property tax levy authority of community colleges; to change 13 valuation of agricultural land and horticultural land; to 14 create a homestead exemption; to harmonize provisions; to 15 provide an operative date; to repeal the original sections; 16 and to outright repeal sections 85-1501.01, 85-1516, 17

85-1518, and 85-1536, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
and sections 85-1517 and 85-1536.01, Revised Statutes

Cumulative Supplement, 2006.

4 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 13-503, Revised Statutes Cumulative

Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

- 3 13-503. For purposes of the Nebraska Budget Act, unless the 4 context otherwise requires:
- 5 (1) Governing body shall mean means the governing body 6 of any county agricultural society, elected county fair board, joint 7 airport authority formed under the Joint Airport Authorities Act, city or county airport authority, bridge commission created pursuant to section 39-868, cemetery district, city, village, municipal county, 9 10 community college, community redevelopment authority, county, 11 drainage or levee district, educational service unit, rural or 12 suburban fire protection district, historical society, hospital 13 district, irrigation district, learning community, natural resources 14 district, nonprofit county historical association or society for which a tax is levied under subsection (1) of section 23-355.01, public 15 16 building commission, railroad transportation safety district, reclamation district, road improvement district, rural water district, 17 district, sanitary and improvement district, township, 18 school offstreet parking district, transit authority, metropolitan utilities 19 district, and political subdivision with the authority to have a 20 property tax request, with the authority to levy a toll, or that 21 22 receives state aid;
- 23 (2) Levying board shall mean means any governing body
 24 which has the power or duty to levy a tax;
- 25 (3) Fiscal year shall mean means the twelve-month period 26 used by each governing body in determining and carrying on its 27 financial and taxing affairs;

(4) Tax shall mean means any general or special tax levied against persons, property, or business for public purposes as provided by law but shall does not include any special assessment;

- 4 (5) Auditor shall mean means the Auditor of Public 5 Accounts;
 - (6) Cash reserve shall mean means funds required for the period before revenue would become available for expenditure but shall does not include funds held in any special reserve fund;
 - (7) Public funds shall mean means all money, including nontax money, used in the operation and functions of governing bodies. For purposes of a county, city, or village which has a lottery established under the Nebraska County and City Lottery Act, only those net proceeds which are actually received by the county, city, or village from a licensed lottery operator shall be considered public funds, and public funds shall does not include amounts awarded as prizes;
 - (8) Adopted budget statement shall mean means a proposed budget statement which has been adopted or amended and adopted as provided in section 13-506. Such term shall include includes additions, if any, to an adopted budget statement made by a revised budget which has been adopted as provided in section 13-511;
 - (9) Special reserve fund shall mean means any special fund set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose and not available for expenditure for any other purpose. Funds created for (a) the retirement of bonded indebtedness, (b) the funding of employee pension plans, (c) the purposes of the Political Subdivisions Self-Funding Benefits Act, (d) the purposes of the Local Option

1 Municipal Economic Development Act, (e) voter-approved sinking funds,

- 2 (f) statutorily authorized sinking funds, or (g) the distribution of
- 3 property tax receipts by a learning community to member school
- 4 districts shall be considered special reserve funds;
- 5 (10) Biennial period shall mean means the two fiscal
- 6 years comprising a biennium commencing in odd-numbered years used by a
- 7 city in determining and carrying on its financial and taxing affairs;
- 8 and
- 9 (11) Biennial budget shall mean <u>means</u> a budget by a city
- 10 of the primary or metropolitan class that adopts a charter provision
- 11 providing for a biennial period to determine and carry on the city's
- 12 financial and taxing affairs.
- 13 Sec. 2. Section 13-518, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 14 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 15 13-518. For purposes of sections 13-518 to 13-522:
- 16 (1) Allowable growth means (a) for governmental units other
- 17 than community colleges, the percentage increase in taxable valuation
- in excess of the base limitation established under section 77-3446,
- 19 if any, due to improvements to real property as a result of new
- 20 construction, additions to existing buildings, any improvements to
- 21 real property which increase the value of such property, and any
- 22 increase in valuation due to annexation and any personal property
- 23 valuation over the prior year; and (b) for community colleges, (i)
- 24 for fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2003-04 and after fiscal year
- 25 2004-05, the percentage increase in excess of the base limitation, if
- 26 any, in full time equivalent students from the second year to the
- 27 first year preceding the year for which the budget is being

determined, and (ii) for fiscal year 2003-04 and fiscal year 2004-05,

the percentage increase in full time equivalent students from the

second year to the first year preceding the year for which the budget

is being determined;

- 5 (2) Capital improvements means (a) acquisition of real 6 property or (b) acquisition, construction, or extension of any 7 improvements on real property;
- 8 (3) Governing body has the same meaning as in section 9 13-503;

- (4) Governmental unit means every political subdivision which has authority to levy a property tax or authority to request levy authority under section 77-3443 except sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five years or less and school districts;
 - (5) Qualified sinking fund means a fund or funds maintained separately from the general fund to pay for acquisition or replacement of tangible personal property with a useful life of five years or more which is to be undertaken in the future but is to be paid for in part or in total in advance using periodic payments into the fund. The term includes sinking funds under subdivision (13) of section 35-508 for firefighting and rescue equipment or apparatus;
 - (6) Restricted funds means (a) property tax, excluding any amounts refunded to taxpayers, (b) payments in lieu of property taxes, (c) local option sales taxes, (d) motor vehicle taxes, (e) state aid, (f) transfers of surpluses from any user fee, permit fee, or regulatory fee if the fee surplus is transferred to fund a service or function not directly related to the fee and the costs of the activity

funded from the fee, (g) any funds excluded from restricted funds for the prior year because they were budgeted for capital improvements but which were not spent and are not expected to be spent for capital improvements, (h) the tax provided in sections 77-27,223 to 77-27,227 beginning in the second fiscal year in which the county will receive a full year of receipts, and (i) any excess tax collections returned to the county under section 77-1776; and

- 8 (7) State aid means:
- 9 (a) For all governmental units, state aid paid pursuant to sections 60-3,202 and 77-3523;
- 11 (b) For municipalities, state aid to municipalities paid
 12 pursuant to sections 18-2605, 39-2501 to 39-2520, 60-3,190, 77-27,136,
- and 77-27,139.04 and insurance premium tax paid to municipalities;
- 14 (c) For counties, state aid to counties paid pursuant to
- 15 sections 39-2501 to 39-2520, 47-119.01, 60-3,184 to 60-3,190,
- 16 77-27,136, and 77-3618, insurance premium tax paid to counties, and
- 17 reimbursements to counties from funds appropriated pursuant to section
- 18 29-3933;
- 19 (d) For community colleges, state aid to community colleges
 20 paid under sections 85-1536 to 85-1537;
- 21 (e) (d) For natural resources districts, state aid to
- 22 natural resources districts paid pursuant to section 77-27,136;
- 23 (f) (e) For educational service units, state aid
- appropriated under section 79-1241; and
- (g) (f) For local public health departments as defined
- in section 71-1626, state aid as distributed under section 71-1628.08.
- 27 Sec. 3. Section 13-519, Revised Statutes Cumulative

1 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

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13-519. (1)(a) Subject to subdivision (1)(b) of this section, for (1) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, no governmental unit shall adopt a budget containing a total of budgeted restricted funds more than the last prior year's total of budgeted restricted funds plus allowable growth plus the basic allowable growth percentage of the base limitation established under section 77-3446. For the second fiscal year in which a county will receive a full year of receipts from the tax imposed in sections 77-27,223 to 77-27,227, the prior year's total of restricted funds shall be the prior year's total of restricted funds plus the total receipts from the tax imposed in sections 77-27,223 to 77-27,227 in the prior year. If a governmental unit transfers the financial responsibility of providing a service financed in whole or in part with restricted funds to another governmental unit or the state, the amount of restricted funds associated with providing the service shall be subtracted from the last prior year's total of budgeted restricted funds for the previous provider and may be added to the last prior of restricted funds for the new provider. year's total governmental units that have consolidated, the calculations made under this section for consolidating units shall be made based on the combined total of restricted funds, population, full-time or equivalent students of each governmental unit. (b) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1,

(b) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2005, the last prior year's total of budgeted restricted funds shall be increased for a community college area by adding to such area's fiscal year base year revenue the amount of revenue to be collected

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under subdivision (2)(c) of section 85-1517 that is in excess of the amount budgeted under this subdivision in the prior fiscal year.

- (2) A governmental unit may exceed the limit provided in subdivisions (1)(a) and (b) subsection (1) of this section for a fiscal year by up to an additional one percent upon the affirmative vote of at least seventy-five percent of the governing body.
- (3) A governmental unit may exceed the applicable allowable growth percentage otherwise prescribed in this section by an amount approved by a majority of legal voters voting on the issue at a special election called for such purpose upon the recommendation of the governing body or upon the receipt by the county clerk or election commissioner of a petition requesting an election signed by at least five percent of the legal voters of the governmental unit. The recommendation of the governing body or the petition of the legal voters shall include the amount and percentage by which the governing body would increase its budgeted restricted funds for the ensuing year over and above the current year's budgeted restricted funds. The county clerk or election commissioner shall call for a special election on the issue within fifteen days after the receipt of such governing body recommendation or legal voter petition. The election shall be held pursuant to the Election Act, and all costs shall be paid by the governing body. The issue may be approved on the same question as a vote to exceed the levy limits provided in section 77-3444.
- (4) In lieu of the election procedures in subsection (3) of this section, any governmental unit may exceed the allowable growth percentage otherwise prescribed in this section by an amount approved

by a majority of legal voters voting at a meeting of the residents of the governmental unit, called after notice is published in a newspaper of general circulation in the governmental unit at least twenty days prior to the meeting. At least ten percent of the registered voters residing in the governmental unit shall constitute a quorum for purposes of taking action to exceed the allowable growth percentage. If a majority of the registered voters present at the meeting vote in favor of exceeding the allowable growth percentage, a copy of the record of that action shall be forwarded to the Auditor of Public Accounts along with the budget documents. The issue to exceed the allowable growth percentage may be approved at the same meeting as a vote to exceed the limits or final levy allocation provided in section 77-3444.

Sec. 4. Section 18-2115, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

18-2115. (1) The governing body of the city shall hold a public hearing on any redevelopment plan or substantial modification thereof recommended by the authority, after reasonable public notice thereof by publication at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the community, the time of the hearing to be at least ten days from the last publication. The notice shall describe the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing and shall specifically identify the area to be redeveloped under the plan. All interested parties shall be afforded at such public hearing a reasonable opportunity to express their views respecting the proposed redevelopment plan.

27 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section,

the governing body of the city or such other division of the city or person as the governing body shall designate shall, at least ten days prior to the public hearing required by subsection (1) of this section, mail notice of the hearing by first-class United States mail, postage prepaid, or by certified mail to all registered neighborhood associations whose area of representation is located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of the area to be redeveloped and to the president or chairperson of the governing body of each county, school district, community college, educational service unit, and natural resources district in which the real property subject to such plan or major modification is located and whose property tax receipts would be directly affected. The notice shall set out the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing and shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be redeveloped.

will conduct a public hearing on the redevelopment plan or substantial modification thereof, the governing body of the city or such other division of the city or person as the governing body shall designate shall, at least ten days prior to the public hearing, mail notice of the hearing by first-class United States mail, postage prepaid, or by certified mail to all registered neighborhood associations whose area of representation is located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of the area to be redeveloped and to the president or chairperson of the governing body of each county, school district, community college, educational service unit, and natural resources district in which the real property subject to such plan or major modification is located and whose property tax receipts would be

directly affected. The notice shall set out the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing and shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be redeveloped. If the registered neighborhood association has been given notice of the public hearing to be held by the planning board or planning commission in conformity with the provisions of this subsection, the governing body or its designee shall not be required to comply with the notice requirements of subsection (2) of this section.

- (4) Each neighborhood association desiring to receive notice of any hearing as provided in this section shall register with the city's planning department or, if there is no planning department, with the city clerk. The registration shall include a description of the area of representation of the association and the name and address of the individual designated by the association to receive the notice on its behalf. Registration of the neighborhood association for the purposes of this section shall be accomplished in accordance with such other rules and regulations as may be adopted and promulgated by the city.
- 19 Sec. 5. Section 72-2302, Revised Statutes Cumulative 20 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
 - 72-2302. It is the purpose of the Public Facilities Construction and Finance Act to allow local governmental units which cooperate with other governmental units to issue bonds to finance joint projects which may be serviced by property taxes, regardless of the restrictions on the issuance of debt contained in other statutory provisions, home rule charters, or the limitations in section 77-3442, for the acquisition, construction, financing, operation, and ownership

of (1) public buildings and related improvements to real estate,
recreational facilities and related improvements, flood control and
storm water drainage, and street and road construction and
improvements and (2) information technology for libraries operated by
counties, municipalities, school districts, and educational service
units., and community colleges.

- Sec. 6. Section 72-2303, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 9 72-2303. For purposes of the Public Facilities Construction 10 and Finance Act:

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- (1) Bond measure means a resolution or ordinance which authorizes bonds to be issued and sold in accordance with the act and which sets the terms of such bonds;
 - (2) Joint project means a project financed and operated by at least two or more qualified public agencies cooperating as a joint entity or joint public agency for (a) any public building or buildings and related improvements to real estate, including parking facilities, any recreational facilities and related improvements to real estate, any flood control and storm water drainage, and any street and road construction and improvements and related fixtures and (b) any item of software used in providing for the delivery of hardware or information, including the purchasing of upgrades or related improvements to information technology for the operation of libraries operated by counties, municipalities, school districts, educational service units; and , and community colleges; and Qualified public agency means any city, village,

municipal county, community college, county, educational service

unit, rural or suburban fire protection district, hospital district,

2 school district, and sanitary and improvement district.

3 Sec. 7. Section 72-2304, Revised Statutes Cumulative

Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

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72-2304. (1) In addition to any other borrowing powers provided for by law, a qualified public agency shall have the power to issue its negotiable bonds to any joint entity as defined in section 13-803 or to any joint public agency as defined in section 13-2503 in connection with any joint project which is to be owned, operated, or financed by the joint entity or joint public agency for the benefit of the qualified public agency. The bonds may be issued only if the second largest participant in the joint project has a financial contribution in the joint project of at least twenty-five percent of the debt service. Such bonds may be issued after the qualified public agency has conducted a public hearing on the issuance of bonds. Notice of such public hearing shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the territory of the qualified public agency by at least one publication occurring not less than ten days prior to the time of hearing. After the public hearing, the governing body of the qualified public agency may proceed to adopt a bond measure authorizing bonds.

(2) Notice of any such bond measure shall be given by publication of notice of intention to issue bonds in a newspaper of general circulation within the territory of the qualified public agency at least twice after the adoption of the bond measure. Such publications shall be at least three weeks apart. The notice shall state:

1 (a) The name of the qualified public agency;

2 (b) The purpose of the issue;

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- 3 (c) The principal amount of the issue;
- 4 (d) The amount of annual debt service payment anticipated 5 for the bonds, which may be stated as an approximation or estimate,
- and the anticipated duration for such debt service payments; and
- 7 (e) The time and place where a copy of the form of the bond
- 8 measure may be examined for a period of at least thirty days.
 - (3) No election shall be required prior to the issuance of bonds under the Public Facilities Construction and Finance Act unless, within sixty days after the first publication of the notice of intention to issue bonds, a remonstrance petition against the issuance of bonds is filed with the clerk or secretary of the qualified public agency. Such remonstrance petition shall be signed by registered voters of the qualified public agency equal in number to at least five percent of the number of registered voters of the qualified public agency at the time the remonstrance petition is filed or at least the number of signatures listed in subsection (5) of this section for the applicable qualified public agency, whichever is less. remonstrance petition with the necessary number of qualified signatures is timely filed, the question shall be submitted to the voters of the qualified public agency at a general election or a special election called for the purpose of approving the bonds proposed to be issued. Any joint project for which bonds are issued in accordance with the procedures of the act shall not require any other approval or proceeding by the governing body or the voters of the qualified public agency.

(4) No election shall be required for any qualified public agency not issuing bonds to participate in such joint project unless, within sixty days after the governing body of the qualified public agency adopts the measure approving the interlocal or cooperative agreement related to the joint project, a remonstrance petition is filed with the clerk or secretary of the qualified public agency. Such remonstrance petition shall be signed by registered voters of the qualified public agency equal in number to at least five percent of the number of registered voters of the qualified public agency at the time the remonstrance petition is filed or at least the number of signatures listed in subsection (5) of this section for the applicable qualified public agency, whichever is less. If a remonstrance petition with the necessary number of qualified signatures is timely filed, the question shall be submitted to the voters of the qualified public agency at a general election or a special election called for the purpose of approving the interlocal or cooperative agreement related to the joint project.

(5) The chart in this subsection provides the alternative number of signatures of registered voters of a qualified public agency which may be used to submit a remonstrance petition under subsection (3) or (4) of this section. The classification of counties in section 23-1114.01 applies for purposes of this section.

23 Qualified Public Agency Number of Signatures

24 of Registered Voters

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26 City of the Metropolitan Class 1500

27 City of the Primary Class 1000

1	City of the First Class 750
2	City of the Second Class 250
3	Villages 50
4	Municipal County 1500
5	Class 7 County 1500
6	Class 6 County 1000
7	Class 5 County 750
8	Class 4 County 500
9	Class 3 County 250
10	Class 2 County
11	Class 1 County 50
12	Class VI School District 250
13	Class V School District 1500
14	Class IV School District 1000
15	Class III School District 500
16	Class II School District 250
17	Class I School District 250
18	Educational Service Unit 250
19	Community College Area 1500
20	Fire Protection District 500
21	Hospital District 500
22	Sanitary and Improvement District 500
23	Sec. 8. Section 72-2306, Revised Statutes Cumulative
24	Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
25	72-2306. For joint projects described in subdivision (2)(b)
26	of section 72-2303, the principal amount of bonds which may be issued
27	by a qualified public agency under the Public Facilities Construction

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and Finance Act shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for cities of the metropolitan and primary classes, one hundred thousand dollars for counties, cities of the first class, school districts, and educational service units, and community colleges, and fifty thousand dollars for cities of the second class and villages, as to the total principal amount of such bonds which may be outstanding at any time, and the annual amounts due by reason of such bonds from each qualified public agency shall not exceed five percent of the restricted funds of the obligated qualified public agency in the year prior to issuance. The principal amount of bonds of a qualified public agency in the aggregate issued for any one such joint project shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for cities of the metropolitan and primary classes and one hundred thousand dollars for counties, cities of the first class, cities of the second class, villages, school districts, and educational service units. - and community colleges.

- 17 Sec. 9. Section 77-201, Revised Statutes Cumulative 18 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 77-201. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) through
 (4) of this section, all real property in this state, not expressly
 exempt therefrom, shall be subject to taxation and shall be valued at
 its actual value.
 - (2) Agricultural land and horticultural land as defined in section 77-1359 shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, unless expressly exempt from taxation, and shall be valued at seventy five seventy percent of its actual value.

devoted to agricultural or horticultural purposes which has value for purposes other than agricultural or horticultural uses and which meets the qualifications for special valuation under section 77-1344 shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, and shall be valued for taxation at seventy-five seventy percent of its special value as defined in section 77-1343 and at its actual value when the land is disqualified for special valuation under section 77-1347.

- (4) Commencing January 1, 2006, historically significant real property which meets the qualifications for historic rehabilitation valuation under sections 77-1385 to 77-1394 shall be valued for taxation as provided in such sections.
- registered for operation on the highways of this state, shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, unless expressly exempt from taxation, and shall be valued at its net book value. Tangible personal property transferred as a gift or devise or as part of a transaction which is not a purchase shall be subject to taxation based upon the date the property was acquired by the previous owner and at the previous owner's Nebraska adjusted basis. Tangible personal property acquired as replacement property for converted property shall be subject to taxation based upon the date the converted property was acquired and at the Nebraska adjusted basis of the converted property unless insurance proceeds are payable by reason of the conversion. For purposes of this subsection, (a) converted property means tangible

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personal property which is compulsorily or involuntarily converted as a result of its destruction in whole or in part, theft, seizure, requisition, or condemnation, or the threat or imminence thereof, and no gain or loss is recognized for federal or state income tax purposes by the holder of the property as a result of the conversion and (b) replacement property means tangible personal property acquired within two years after the close of the calendar year in which tangible personal property was converted and which is, except for date of construction or manufacture, substantially the same as the converted property.

11 Sec. 10. Section 77-1601.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative 12 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

77-1601.02. (1) The property tax request for the prior year shall be the property tax request for the current year for purposes of the levy set by the county board of equalization in section 77-1601 unless the governing body of the county, municipality, school district, learning community, sanitary and improvement district, resources district, or educational unit, or natural service community college passes by a majority vote a resolution or ordinance setting the tax request at a different amount. Such resolution or ordinance shall only be passed after a special public hearing called for such purpose is held and after notice is published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the political subdivision at least five days prior to the hearing. The hearing notice shall contain the following information: The dollar amount of the prior year's tax request and the property tax rate that was necessary to fund that tax request; the property tax rate that would be necessary to fund last

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year's tax request if applied to the current year's valuation; and the 1 2 proposed dollar amount of the tax request for the current year and the 3 property tax rate that will be necessary to fund that tax request. Any 4 resolution setting a tax request under this section shall be certified 5 and forwarded to the county clerk on or before October 13 of the year 6 for which the tax request is to apply.

(2) Any levy which is not in compliance with this section and section 77-1601 shall be construed as an unauthorized levy under section 77-1606.

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- Section 77-3442, 10 Sec. 11. Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is amended to read: 11
- 12 77-3442. (1) Property tax levies for the support of local governments for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall 13 14 be limited to the amounts set forth in this section except as provided 15 in section 77-3444.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(d) of this section, school districts and multiple-district school systems, except 17 18 learning communities and school districts that are members of learning communities, may levy a maximum levy of one dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
 - Except as provided in subdivision (2)(d) of this (b) section, for fiscal year 2008-09 and each fiscal year thereafter, (i) learning communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of member school districts equal to the ratio of the aggregate difference of one hundred ten percent of the formula needs as calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.02 minus the amount of state

aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022 and minus the other actual receipts included in local system formula resources pursuant to section 79-1018.01 for each member school district for such school fiscal year divided by each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy, except that such levy shall not exceed one dollar and two cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy, and (ii) school districts that are members of learning communities may levy a maximum levy of the difference of one dollar and two cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy pursuant to this subdivision for purposes of such school district's general fund budget and special building funds.

- (c) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subsection are amounts levied to pay for sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment and amounts levied to pay for special building funds and sinking funds established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action taken by the school board on the record which commits the board to expend district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project.
- (d) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (b) of this section only to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district

means any school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.

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- (e) For school fiscal year 2002-03 through school fiscal year 2007-08, school districts and multiple-district school systems may, upon a three-fourths majority vote of the school board of the school district, the board of the unified system, or the school board of the high school district of the multiple-district school system that is not a unified system, exceed the maximum levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) of this section in an amount equal to the net difference between the amount of state aid that would have been provided under the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act without the temporary aid adjustment factor as defined in section 79-1003 for the ensuing school fiscal year for the school district or multiple-district school system and the amount provided with the temporary aid adjustment factor. The State Department of Education shall certify to the school districts and multiple-district school systems the amount by which the maximum levy may be exceeded for the next school fiscal year pursuant to this subdivision (e) of this subsection on or before February 15 for school fiscal years 2004-05 through 2007-08.
- 23 (f) For fiscal year 2008-09 and each fiscal year thereafter,
 24 learning communities may levy a maximum levy of two cents on each one
 25 hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for special
 26 building funds for member school districts.
- 27 (g) For fiscal year 2008-09 and each fiscal year thereafter,

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learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for the learning community budget and for projects approved by the learning community coordinating council.

- may levy a maximum levy on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy of seven cents, plus amounts allowed under subsection (7) of section 85-1536.01, except that any community college whose valuation per reported aid equivalent student as defined in section 85-1503 was less than eighty-two percent of the average valuation per statewide reimbursable reported aid equivalent total as defined in section 85-1503 for all community colleges for fiscal year 1997-98 may levy up to an additional one-half cent for each of fiscal years 2005-06 and 2006-07 upon a three-fourths majority vote of the board.
- (4) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. Natural resources districts shall also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement water management activities and integrated activities for FY2003-04, not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable property within the district. In addition, natural resources districts located

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in a river basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities for FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for fiscal year 2006-07 and not to exceed two cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable property within the district for fiscal years 2007-08 and 2008-09.

- (5) Educational service units may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201,

museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

- (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.
- (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-five cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal

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Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.

- (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section 77-3443.
- (10) Property tax levies for judgments, except judgments or orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a

1 political subdivision which require or obligate a political 2 subdivision to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not 3 paid by liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, for 4 preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, 5 for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured by a 6 levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to retire 7 interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in lieu of 8 bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport are not the levy limits established by 9 included in this 10 (11) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section 11 are to include all other general or special levies provided by law. 12 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections 13

15 (12) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section 16 shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless 17 approved under section 77-3444.

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77-3442 to 77-3444.

- 18 (13) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county agricultural society.
- Sec. 12. Section 77-3443, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
 - 77-3443. (1) All political subdivisions, other than (a) school districts, community colleges, natural resources districts, educational service units, cities, villages, counties, municipal counties, and sanitary and improvement districts and (b) political subdivisions subject to municipal allocation under subsection (2) of

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this section, may levy taxes as authorized by law which are authorized by the county board of the county or the council of a municipal county in which the greatest portion of the valuation is located, which are counted in the county or municipal county levy limit provided in section 77-3442, and which do not collectively total more than fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property for all governments for which allocations are made by the municipality, county, or municipal county, except that such limitation shall not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured by a levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in lieu of indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport. The county board or council shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request of all political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The county board or council may approve all or a portion of the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow the requesting political subdivision to levy a tax at a levy greater than that permitted by law. The county board of a county or the council of a municipal county which contains a transit authority created pursuant to section 14-1803 shall allocate no less than three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable property within the city or municipal county subject to the levy to the transit authority if requested by such authority. For any political subdivision subject to this subsection that receives taxes from more than one county or municipal county, the levy shall be allocated only by the county or municipal county in which the greatest

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portion of the valuation is located. The county board of equalization shall certify all levies by October 15 to insure that the taxes levied by political subdivisions subject to this subsection do not exceed the allowable limit for any parcel or item of taxable property. The levy allocated by the county or municipal county may be exceeded as provided in section 77-3444.

(2) All city airport authorities established under Cities Airport Authorities Act, community redevelopment authorities established under the Community Development Law, transit authorities established under the Transit Authority Law, and offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet Parking District Act may be allocated property taxes as authorized by law which are authorized by the city, village, or municipal county and are counted in the city or village levy limit or municipal county levy limit provided by section 77-3442, except that such limitation shall not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured by a levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport. For offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet Parking District Act, the tax shall be counted in the allocation by the city proportionately, by dividing the total taxable valuation of the taxable property within the district by the total taxable valuation of the taxable property within the city multiplied by the levy of the district. The city council of a city which has created a transit authority pursuant to section 14-1803 or the council of a municipal

county which contains a transit authority shall allocate no less than three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy to the transit authority if requested by such authority. The city council, village board, or council shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request of the political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The city council, village board, or council may approve all or a portion of the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow a levy greater than that permitted by law. The levy allocated by the municipality or municipal county may be exceeded as provided in section 77-3444.

- (3) On or before August 1, all political subdivisions subject to county, municipal, or municipal county levy authority under this section shall submit a preliminary request for levy allocation to the county board, city council, village board, or council that is responsible for levying such taxes. The preliminary request of the political subdivision shall be in the form of a resolution adopted by a majority vote of members present of the political subdivision's governing body. The failure of a political subdivision to make a preliminary request shall preclude such political subdivision from using procedures set forth in section 77-3444 to exceed the final levy allocation as determined in subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Each county board, city council, village board, or council shall (a) adopt a resolution by a majority vote of members present which determines a final allocation of levy authority to its political subdivisions and (b) forward a copy of such resolution to the chairperson of the governing body of each of its political subdivisions. No final levy allocation shall be changed after

September 1 except by agreement between both the county board, city council, village board, or council which determined the amount of the final levy allocation and the governing body of the political subdivision whose final levy allocation is at issue.

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Sec. 13. Section 77-3445, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3445. A council on public improvements and services may be created within each county or for adjoining counties by resolutions of county boards or by joint resolutions passed by at least three different types of political subdivisions located in the county which are authorized to levy property taxes or which may benefit from property taxes affected by the levy limits imposed by sections 77-3442 to 77-3444. Such councils shall include, but are not limited to, one elected official from each school board, county board, incorporated city or village, natural resources district, community college, educational service unit, hospital district, airport authority, fire protection district, and township taxing property within the county or counties. The elected governing body of each political subdivision which has the legal authority to request property tax funding or a levy set by the county board within a county may by resolution of the governing body appoint one elected official from the governing board to the council on public improvements and services.

Councils on public improvements and services may meet, beginning in 1996, as often as necessary prior to the adoption of budgets and property tax requests affected by the levy limits described in sections 77-3442 to 77-3444. The council shall jointly examine the budgets and property tax requests of each governmental

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agency or quasi-governmental agency with statutory authority to request a share of the property tax. The county clerk or designated county official of each county shall attend such meetings and keep a public record of the proceedings. Each council on public improvements and services which is created by resolution as provided in this section shall hold at least one public meeting prior to the adoption of public budgets affected by the levy limits imposed by sections 77-3442 to 77-3444. Such council may continue to meet to discuss issues of public service provision in an effective and coordinated manner, the impacts of levy limits, state and federal law, program, or 10 11 aid changes, and the joint provision or use of capital facilities and 12 equipment.

- 13 14. Section 77-3501, Reissue Revised Statutes of 14 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 15 77-3501. For purposes of sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and 16 section 15 of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 77-3501.01 to 77-3505.04 shall be used. 17
- Sec. 15. All homesteads in this state shall be assessed for 18 taxation the same as other property, except that commencing January 1, 19 2008, there shall be exempt from taxation the first twelve thousand 20 21 dollars of the actual value of the homestead.
- 22 Sec. 16. Section 77-3509.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 23
 - 77-3509.01. The owner of a homestead which has been granted an exemption provided in sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act, who transfers the ownership of such homestead and becomes the owner of another homestead prior to August 15 during the year for

which the exemption was granted, may file an application with the county assessor of the county where the new homestead is located, on or before August 15 of such year, for a transfer of the exemption to the new homestead. The county assessor shall examine each application and determine whether or not the new homestead, except for the January 1 through August 15 ownership and occupancy requirement and the income requirements, is eligible for exemption under sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act. If the application is approved by the county assessor, he or she shall make a deduction upon the assessment rolls using the same criteria as previously applied to the original homestead. The county assessor may allow the application for transfer to also be considered an application for a homestead exemption for the subsequent year.

Sec. 17. Section 77-3509.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3509.02. If the owner of any homestead granted an exemption under sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act transfers the ownership of such homestead on or before August 15 of any year pursuant to section 77-3509.01 and makes the application for transfer of the homestead exemption and such application is approved, the exemption shall be disallowed for such year as applied to the original homestead if the exemption was granted based on the status of such owner. If the transfer involves property in more than one county, the county assessor of the county where the new homestead is located shall notify the other county assessor and the Department of Revenue of the application for transfer within ten days after receipt of the application.

Sec. 18. Section 77-3509.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3509.03. All property tax statements for homesteads
granted an exemption in sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of
this act shall show the amount of the exemption, the tax that would
otherwise be due, and a statement that the tax loss shall be
reimbursed by the state as a homestead exemption.

Sec. 19. Section 77-3510, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

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77-3510. On or before February 1 of each year, the Tax Commissioner shall prescribe forms to be used by all claimants for homestead exemption or for transfer of homestead exemption. Such forms shall contain provisions for the showing of all information which the Tax Commissioner may deem necessary to (1) enable the county officials and the Tax Commissioner to determine whether each claim for exemption under sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act should be allowed and (2) enable the county assessor to determine whether each claim for transfer of homestead exemption pursuant to section 77-3509.01 should be allowed. It shall be the duty of the county assessor of each county in this state to furnish such forms, upon request, to each person desiring to make application for homestead exemption or for transfer of homestead exemption. The forms so prescribed shall be used uniformly throughout the state, and no application for exemption or for transfer of homestead exemption shall be allowed unless the applicant uses the prescribed form in making an application. The forms shall require the attachment of an income statement as prescribed by the Tax Commissioner fully accounting for

all household income. The application and information contained on any attachments to the application shall be confidential and available to tax officials only.

4 Sec. 20. Section 77-3511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3511. The application for homestead exemption or for transfer of homestead exemption shall be signed by the owner of the property who qualifies for exemption under sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act unless the owner is an incompetent or unable to make such application, in which case it shall be signed by the guardian. If an owner who in all respects qualifies for a homestead exemption under such sections dies after January 1 and before the last day for filing an application for a homestead exemption and before applying for a homestead exemption, his or her personal representative may file the application for exemption on or before the last day for filing an application for a homestead exemption of that year if the surviving spouse of such owner continues to occupy the homestead. Any exemption granted as a result of such application signed by a personal representative shall be in effect for only the year in which the owner died.

Sec. 21. Section 77-3512, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3512. It shall be the duty of each owner who applies for the homestead exemption provided in sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act to file an application therefor with the county assessor of the county in which the homestead is located after February 1 and on or before June 30 of each year. Failure to do so

shall constitute a waiver of the exemption for that year, except that the county board of the county in which the homestead is located may,

- 3 by majority vote, extend the deadline to on or before July 20 of each
- 4 year. An extension shall not be granted to an applicant who received
- 5 an extension in the immediately preceding year.
- Sec. 22. Section 77-3513, Revised Statutes Cumulative

 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- owner is granted a homestead exemption as provided in section 77-3507 or 77-3509 or subdivision (1)(b)(ii) or (iii) of section 77-3508, no reapplication need be filed for succeeding years, in which case the county assessor and Tax Commissioner shall determine whether the claimant qualifies for the homestead exemption in such succeeding years as otherwise provided in sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and

section 15 of this act as though a claim were made.

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- homestead exemption provided in section 15 of this act shall file an application pursuant to section 77-3512. For tax year 2009 and subsequent tax years, if an owner has been granted a homestead exemption as provided in section 15 of this act, no reapplication need be filed for succeeding years, in which case the county assessor shall determine whether the claimant qualifies for the homestead exemption in such succeeding years as otherwise provided in sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act as though a claim were made.
- 26 $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ It shall be the duty of each claimant who wants 27 the homestead exemption provided in subdivision (1)(b)(i) of section

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77-3508 to file an application therefor with the county assessor on or before June 30 of each year. Failure to do so shall constitute a waiver of the exemption for such year, except that the county board of the county in which the homestead is located may, by majority vote, extend the deadline to on or before July 20 of each year. An extension shall not be granted to an applicant who received an extension in the immediately preceding year.

8 Sec. 23. Section 77-3514, Revised Statutes Cumulative 9 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

77-3514. A claimant who is the owner of a homestead which has been granted an exemption under sections 77-3507 to 77-3509, except subdivision (1)(b)(i) of section 77-3508 and section 15 of this act, shall certify to the county assessor on or before June 30 of each year that a change in the homestead exemption status has occurred or that no change in the homestead exemption status has occurred. The county board of the county in which the homestead is located may, by majority vote, extend the deadline to on or before July 20 of each year. An extension shall not be granted to an applicant who received an extension in the immediately preceding year. For purposes of this section, change in the homestead exemption status shall include any change in the name of the owner, ownership, residence, occupancy, marital status, veteran status, or rating by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or any other change that would affect the qualification for or type of exemption granted, except income checked by the Tax Commissioner under section 77-3517. The certificate shall require the attachment of an income statement as prescribed by the Tax Commissioner fully accounting for all household

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The certification and the information contained attachments to the certification shall be confidential and available to tax officials only. In addition, a claimant who is the owner of a homestead which has been granted an exemption under sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 may notify the county assessor by August 15 of each year of any change in the homestead exemption status occurring in the preceding portion of the calendar year as a result of a transfer of the homestead exemption pursuant to sections 77-3509.01 77-3509.02. If by his or her failure to give such notice any property owner permits the allowance of the homestead exemption for any year, or in the year of application in the case of transfers pursuant to sections 77-3509.01 and 77-3509.02, after the homestead exemption status of such property has changed, an amount equal to the amount of the taxes lawfully due but not paid by reason of such unlawful and improper allowance of homestead exemption, together with penalty and interest on such total sum as provided by statute on delinquent ad valorem taxes, shall be due and shall upon entry of the amount thereof on the books of the county treasurer be a lien on such property while unpaid. Such lien may be enforced in the manner provided for liens for other delinquent taxes. Any person who has permitted the improper and unlawful allowance of such homestead exemption on his or her property shall, as an additional penalty, also forfeit his or her right to a homestead exemption on any property in this state for the two succeeding years.

Sec. 24. Section 77-3516, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3516. The county assessor shall examine each application

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for homestead exemption filed with him or her for an exemption pursuant to sections 77-3507 to 77-3509 or section 15 of this act and shall determine, except for the income requirements, whether or such application should be approved or rejected. application is approved, the county assessor shall mark the same approved and sign the application. In case he or she finds that the exemption should not be allowed by reason of not being in conformity to law, the county assessor shall mark the application rejected and state thereon the reason for such rejection and sign the application. In any case when the county assessor rejects an application for exemption, he or she shall notify the applicant of such action by mailing written notice to the applicant at the address shown in the application, which notice shall be mailed not later than July 31 of each year, except that in cases of a change in ownership or occupancy from January 1 through August 15 or a late application authorized by the county board, the notice shall be sent within a reasonable time. The notice shall be on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. 25. Section 77-3521, Reissue Revised Statutes

Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3521. It shall be the duty of the Tax Commissioner to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the information and guidance of the county assessors and county boards of equalization, not inconsistent with sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act, affecting the application, hearing, assessment, equalization of property which is claimed to be entitled to the exemption granted by such sections.

27 Sec. 26. Section 77-3522, Reissue Revised

1 Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3522. (1) Any person who makes any false or fraudulent claim for exemption or any false statement or false representation of a material fact in support of such claim or any person who assists another in the preparation of any such false or fraudulent claim or enters into any collusion with another by the execution of a fictitious deed or other instrument for the purpose of obtaining unlawful exemption under sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor and shall be subject to a forfeiture of any such exemption for a period of two years from the date of conviction. Any person who shall make an oath or affirmation to any false or fraudulent application for homestead exemption knowing the same to be false or fraudulent shall be guilty of a Class I misdemeanor.

(2) In addition to the penalty provided in subsection (1) of this section, if any person files a claim for exemption as provided in section 77-3507, 77-3508, or 77-3509 or section 15 of this act which is excessive due to misstatements by the owner filing such claim, the claim may be disallowed in full and, if the claim has been allowed, an amount equal to the amount of taxes lawfully due but not paid by reason of such unlawful and improper allowance of homestead exemption shall be due and shall upon entry of the amount thereof on the books of the county treasurer be a lien on such property until paid and a penalty equal to the amount of taxes lawfully due but claimed for exemption shall be assessed.

Sec. 27. Section 77-3523, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

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77-3523. The county treasurer shall, on or before November 30 of each year, certify to the Tax Commissioner the total tax revenue that will be lost to all taxing agencies within his or her county from taxes levied and assessed in that year because of exemptions allowed under Chapter 77, article 35, sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act, multiplied by the aggregate assessment sales ratio calculated by the Administrator Property Tax for all single-family residential real property in the county for the current year after adjustments by the Tax Equalization and Review Commission, except that any assessment sales ratio greater than 100 or any assessment sales ratio that complies with the standards equalization as determined by the commission shall be deemed to be 100 for such purpose. The county treasurer may amend the certification to show any change or correction in the total tax that will be lost until May 30 of the next succeeding year. If a homestead exemption is approved, denied, or corrected by the Tax Commissioner subsection (2) of section 77-3517 after May 1 of the next year, the county treasurer shall prepare and submit amended reports to the Tax Commissioner and the political subdivisions covering any affected year and shall adjust the reimbursement to the county and the other political subdivisions by adjusting the reimbursement due under this section in later years. The Tax Commissioner shall, on or before January 1 next following such certification or within thirty days of any amendment to the certification, notify the Director Administrative Services of the amount so certified to be reimbursed by the state. Reimbursement of the funds lost shall be made to each county according to the certification and shall be distributed in six

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as nearly as possible equal monthly payments on the last business day of each month beginning in January. The State Treasurer shall, on the business day preceding the last business day of each month, notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of funds available General Fund for payment purposes. The Director Administrative Services shall, on the last business day of each month, draw warrants against funds appropriated. Out of the amount received the county treasurer shall distribute to each of the taxing agencies within his or her county the full amount so lost by such agency, multiplied by the aggregate assessment sales ratio calculated by the Property Tax Administrator for all single-family residential real property in the county for the current year after adjustments by the commission, except that any assessment sales ratio greater than 100 or any assessment sales ratio that complies with the standards of equalization as determined by the commission shall be deemed to be 100 for such purpose, except that one percent of such amount shall be deposited in the county general fund and that the amount due a Class V school district shall be paid to the district and the county shall be compensated pursuant to section 14-554. Each taxing agency shall, in preparing its annual or biennial budget, take into account the amount to be received under this section.

Sec. 28. Section 77-3529, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-3529. If any application for exemption pursuant to sections 77-3501 to 77-3529 and section 15 of this act is denied and the applicant would be qualified for any other exemption under such sections, then such denied application shall be treated as an

application for the highest exemption for which qualified. Any additional documentation necessary for such other exemption shall be submitted to the county assessor within a reasonable time after receipt of the notice of denial.

Sec. 29. Section 77-5023, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

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- 77-5023. (1) Pursuant to section 77-5022, the commission 8 shall have the power to increase or decrease the value of a class or 9 subclass of real property in any county or taxing authority or of real 10 property valued by the state so that all classes or subclasses of real 11 property in all counties fall within an acceptable range.
 - (2) An acceptable range is the percentage of variation from a standard for valuation as measured by an established indicator of central tendency of assessment. Acceptable ranges are: (a) For agricultural land and horticultural land as defined in section 77-1359, sixty-nine to seventy-five sixty-four to seventy percent of actual value; (b) for lands receiving special valuation, sixty-nine to seventy five sixty-four to seventy percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343 and sixty-nine to seventy-five sixty-four to seventy percent of recapture valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and (c) for all other real property, ninety-two to one hundred percent of actual value.
- 23 (3) Any increase or decrease shall cause the indicator of 24 central tendency of assessment utilized by the commission to be at the 25 midpoint of the applicable acceptable range.
- 26 (4) Any decrease or increase to a subclass of property shall 27 also cause the indicator of central tendency utilized by the

commission for the class from which the subclass is drawn to be within
the applicable acceptable range.

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to read:

(5) Whether or not an established indicator of central tendency falls within an acceptable range or at the midpoint of an acceptable range may be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty relying upon generally accepted mass appraisal techniques.

Sec. 30. Section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, as affected by Referendum 2006, No. 422, is amended

79-1016. (1) On or before August 25, the county assessor shall certify to the Property Tax Administrator the total taxable value by school district in the county for the current assessment year on forms prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator. The county assessor may amend the filing for changes made to the taxable valuation of the school district in the county if corrections or errors on the original certification are discovered. Amendments shall be certified to the Property Tax Administrator on or before September

(2) On or before October 10, the Property Tax Administrator shall compute and certify to the State Department of Education the adjusted valuation for the current assessment year for each class of property in each school district and each local system. The adjusted valuation of property for each school district and each local system, for purposes of determining state aid pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act, shall reflect as nearly as possible state aid value as defined in subsection (3) of this section. The Property Tax Administrator shall notify each school district and

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each local system of its adjusted valuation for the current assessment year by class of property on or before October 10. Establishment of the adjusted valuation shall be based on the taxable value certified by the county assessor for each school district in the county adjusted by the determination of the level of value for each school district from an analysis of the comprehensive assessment ratio study or other studies developed by the Property Tax Administrator, in compliance with professionally accepted mass appraisal techniques, as required by section 77-1327. The Property Tax Administrator shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations setting forth standards for the determination of level of value for school aid purposes.

- (3) For purposes of this section, state aid value means:
- (a) For real property other than agricultural and horticultural land, one hundred percent of actual value;
- (b) For agricultural and horticultural land, seventy-five seventy percent of actual value as provided in sections 77-1359 to 77-1363. For agricultural and horticultural land that receives special valuation pursuant to section 77-1344, seventy-five seventy percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and
- (c) For personal property, the net book value as defined in section 77-120.
 - (4) On or before November 10, any local system may file with the Property Tax Administrator written objections to the adjusted valuations prepared by the Property Tax Administrator, stating the reasons why such adjusted valuations are not the valuations required by subsection (3) of this section. The Property Tax Administrator shall fix a time for a hearing. Either party shall be permitted to

introduce any evidence in reference thereto. On or before January 1, the Property Tax Administrator shall enter a written order modifying or declining to modify, in whole or in part, the adjusted valuations and shall certify the order to the State Department of Education. Modification by the Property Tax Administrator shall be based upon the evidence introduced at hearing and shall not be limited to the modification requested in the written objections or at hearing. A copy of the written order shall be mailed to the local system within seven days after the date of the order. The written order of the Property Tax Administrator may be appealed within thirty days after the date of the order to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission in accordance with section 77-5013.

- (5) On or before November 10, any local system or county official may file with the Property Tax Administrator a written request for a nonappealable correction of the adjusted valuation due to clerical error as defined in section 77-128 or, for agricultural and horticultural land, assessed value changes by reason of land qualified or disqualified for special use valuation pursuant to sections 77-1343 to 77-1348. On or before the following January 1, the Property Tax Administrator shall approve or deny the request and, if approved, certify the corrected adjusted valuations resulting from such action to the State Department of Education.
- (6) On or before May 31 of the year following the certification of adjusted valuation pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, any local system or county official may file with the Property Tax Administrator a written request for a nonappealable correction of the adjusted valuation due to changes to the tax list

that change the assessed value of taxable property. Upon the filing of the written request, the Property Tax Administrator shall require the county assessor to recertify the taxable valuation by school district in the county on forms prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator. The recertified valuation shall be the valuation that was certified on the tax list, pursuant to section 77-1613, increased or decreased by changes to the tax list that change the assessed value of taxable property in the school district in the county in the prior assessment year. On or before the following July 31, the Property Tax Administrator shall approve or deny the request and, if approved, certify the corrected adjusted valuations resulting from such action to the State Department of Education.

- (7) No injunction shall be granted restraining the distribution of state aid based upon the adjusted valuations pursuant to this section.
- (8) A school district whose state aid is to be calculated pursuant to subsection (5) of this section and whose state aid payment is postponed as a result of failure to calculate state aid pursuant to such subsection may apply to the state board for lump-sum payment of such postponed state aid. Such application may be for any amount up to one hundred percent of the postponed state aid. The state board may grant the entire amount applied for or any portion of such amount. The state board shall notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of funds to be paid in a lump sum and the reduced amount of the monthly payments. The Director of Administrative Services shall, at the time of the next state aid payment made pursuant to section 79-1022, draw a warrant for the lump-sum amount from appropriated

- 1 funds and forward such warrant to the district.
- Sec. 31. Section 85-933, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 3 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 4 85-933. No funds generated or received from a General Fund
- 5 appropriation-or state aid assistance program, or receipts from
- 6 a tax levy authorized by statute shall be expended in support of
- 7 programs or activities which are in conflict with the role and
- 8 mission assignments applicable to the University of Nebraska, state
- 9 colleges, or community colleges under sections 79-741, 79-744, 85-194,
- 10 85-308, 85-606.01, 85-917 to 85-966, and 85-1511.
- 11 Sec. 32. Section 85-1402, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 12 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 13 85-1402. For purposes of the Coordinating Commission for
- 14 Postsecondary Education Act:
- 15 (1)(a) Capital construction project shall mean <u>means</u> a
- 16 project which utilizes tax funds designated by the Legislature and
- 17 shall be: Any proposed new capital structure; any proposed addition
- 18 to, renovation of, or remodeling of a capital structure; any proposed
- 19 acquisition of a capital structure by gift, purchase, lease-purchase,
- 20 or other means of construction or acquisition that (i) will be
- 21 directly financed in whole or in part with tax funds designated by the
- 22 Legislature totaling at least the minimum capital expenditure for
- 23 purposes of this subdivision or (ii) is likely, as determined by the
- 24 institution, to result in an incremental increase in appropriation or
- 25 expenditure of tax funds designated by the Legislature of at least the
- 26 minimum capital expenditure for the facility's operations and
- 27 maintenance costs in any one fiscal year within a period of ten years

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from the date of substantial completion or acquisition of the project. No tax funds designated by the Legislature shall be appropriated or expended for any incremental increase of more than the minimum capital expenditure for the costs of the operations and utilities of any facility which is not included in the definition of construction project and thus is not subject to commission approval pursuant to the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education Act. No institution shall include a request for funding such an increase in its budget request for tax funds designated by the Legislature, and no nor shall any institution shall utilize any such funds for such an increase. The Governor shall not include in his her budget recommendations, and the Legislature or shall appropriate, such funds for such increase.

- (b) For purposes of this subdivision:
- 15 (i) Directly financed shall mean means funded by:
- 16 (A) Appropriation of tax funds designated by the Legislature
 17 for the specific capital construction project; or
- 18 (B) Property tax levies used to establish a capital

 19 improvement and bond sinking fund pursuant to section 85-1515; or
- 20 (C) (B) That portion of tax funds designated by the
 21 Legislature and appropriated by the Legislature for the general
 22 operation of the public institution and utilized to fund the capital
 23 project;
 - (ii) Incremental increase shall mean means an increase in appropriation or expenditure of tax funds designated by the Legislature of at least the minimum capital expenditure for a facility's operations and maintenance costs, beyond any increase due

to inflation, to pay for a capital structure's operations and maintenance costs that are a direct result of a capital construction project; and

- 4 (iii) Minimum capital expenditure shall mean: means:
- 5 (A) For purposes of subdivision (a)(i) of this subdivision,
- a base amount of five hundred thousand dollars; and

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7 (B) For the facility's operations and maintenance costs
8 pursuant to subdivision (a)(ii) of this subdivision, a base amount of
9 seventy-five thousand dollars for any one fiscal year.

Both base amounts shall be subject to any inflationary or market adjustments made by the commission pursuant to this subdivision. The commission shall adjust the base amounts on a biennial basis beginning January 1, 2008. The adjustments shall be based on percentage changes in a construction cost index and any other published index relevant to operations and utilities costs, both as the by commission in cooperation with selected the public institutions. The index or indices shall reflect inflationary or market trends for the applicable operations and maintenance or construction costs;

- (2) Commission shall mean means the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education;
- 22 (3) Coordination shall mean: means:
 - (a) Authority to adopt, and revise as needed, a comprehensive statewide plan for postsecondary education which shall include (i) definitions of the role and mission of each public postsecondary educational institution within any general assignments of role and mission as may be prescribed by the Legislature and (ii)

plans for facilities which utilize tax funds designated by the Legislature;

- (b) Authority to review, monitor, and approve or disapprove each public postsecondary educational institution's programs and capital construction projects which utilize tax funds designated by the Legislature in order to provide compliance and consistency with the comprehensive plan and to prevent unnecessary duplication; and
- (c) Authority to review and modify, if needed to promote compliance and consistency with the comprehensive statewide plan and prevent unnecessary duplication, the budget requests of the governing boards or any other governing board for any other public postsecondary educational institution which may be established by the Legislature;
- (4) Education center shall mean means an off-campus branch of a public institution or cooperative of either public or public and private postsecondary educational institutions which offers instructional programs to students;
- (5) Governing board shall mean means the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges, or the board of governors for each community college area;
 - (6) Program shall mean means any program of instruction which leads directly to a degree, diploma, or certificate and, for purposes of section 85-1414, shall include includes public service programs and all off-campus instructional programs, whether or not such programs lead directly to a degree, diploma, or certificate. Program shall also include also includes the establishment of any new college, school, major division, education center, or institute

but shall not include reasonable and moderate extensions of existing curricula which have a direct relationship to existing programs;

- (7) Public institution shall mean means each campus of a public postsecondary educational institution which is or may be established by the Legislature, which is under the direction of a governing board, and which is administered as a separate unit by the board; and
- 8 (8) Tax funds designated by the Legislature shall mean
 9 means all state tax revenue and all property tax revenue.
 10 Sec. 33. Section 85-1416, Revised Statutes Cumulative
 11 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
 - 85-1416. (1) Pursuant to the authority granted in Article VII, section 14, of the Constitution of Nebraska and the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education Act, the commission shall, in accordance with the coordination function of the commission pursuant to section 85-1403, review and modify, if needed to promote compliance and consistency with the comprehensive statewide plan and prevent unnecessary duplication, the budget requests of the governing boards.
 - (2)(a) At least thirty days prior to submitting to the Governor their biennial budget requests pursuant to section 81-1113 and any major deficit appropriation requests pursuant to instructions of the Department of Administrative Services, the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska and the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges shall each submit to the commission an outline of its proposed operating budget. The outline of its proposed operating budget or outline of proposed state aid request shall include those information summaries provided to the institution's governing board

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describing the respective institution's budget for the next fiscal year or biennium. The outline shall contain projections of funds necessary for (i) the retention of current programs and services at current funding levels, (ii) any inflationary costs necessary to maintain current programs and services at the current programmatic or service levels, and (iii) proposed new and expanded programs and services. In addition to the outline, the commission may request an institution to provide to the commission any other supporting information to assist the commission in its budget review process. An institution may comply with such requests pursuant to section 85-1417.

- (b) On September 15 of each biennial budget request year, the boards of governors of the community colleges or their designated representatives shall submit to the commission outlines of their proposed state aid requests.pursuant to sections 85-1536 and 85-1537.
- (C) The commission shall analyze institutional budget priorities in light of the comprehensive statewide plan, role and mission assignments, and the goal of prevention of unnecessary The commission shall duplication. submit to the Governor Legislature by October 15 of each year recommendations for approval or modification of the budget requests together with a rationale for its recommendations. The analysis and recommendations by the commission shall focus on budget requests for new and expanded programs and services and major statewide funding issues or initiatives identified in the comprehensive statewide plan. If an institution does not comply with the commission's request pursuant to subdivision (a) of this subsection for additional budget information, the commission

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may so note the refusal and its specific information request in its report of budget recommendations. The commission shall also provide to the Governor and the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature on or before October 1 of each even-numbered year a report identifying public policy issues relating to student tuition and fees, including the appropriate relative differentials of tuition and fee levels between the sectors of public postsecondary education in the state consistent with the comprehensive statewide plan.

(3) At least thirty days prior to submitting to the Governor their biennial budget requests pursuant to section 81-1113 and any major deficit appropriation requests pursuant to instructions of the Department of Administrative Services, the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska and the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges shall each submit to the commission information the commission deems necessary regarding each board's capital construction budget requests. The commission shall review the capital construction budget request information and may recommend to the Governor and the Legislature modification, approval, or disapproval of such requests consistent with the statewide facilities plan and any project approval determined pursuant to subsection (10) of section 85-1414 and to section 85-1415. The commission shall develop from a statewide perspective unified prioritization of individual а capital construction budget requests for which it has recommended approval and submit such prioritization to the Governor and the Legislature for their consideration. In establishing its prioritized list, commission may consider and respond to the priority order established by the Board of Regents or the Board of Trustees in their respective

- 1 capital construction budget requests.
- 2 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect
- 3 other constitutional, statutory, or administrative requirements for
- 4 the submission of budget or state aid requests by the governing boards
- 5 to the Governor and the Legislature.
- 6 Sec. 34. Section 85-1418, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

the program or project.

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- 8 85-1418. (1) No state warrant shall be issued by Department of Administrative Services or used by 9 anv public 10 institution for the purpose of funding any program or capital 11 construction project which has not been approved or which has been 12 disapproved by the commission pursuant to the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education Act. If state funding for any such program 13 14 or project cannot be or is not divided into warrants separate from other programs or projects, the department shall reduce a warrant to 15 16 the public institution which includes funding for the program or project by the amount of tax funds designated by the Legislature which 17
 - (2) The department may reduce the amount of state aid distributed to a community college area pursuant to sections 85-1536 and 85-1537 by the amount of funds used by the area to provide a program or capital construction project which has not been approved or which has been disapproved by the commission.

are budgeted in that fiscal year by the public institution for use for

(3) The district court of Lancaster County shall have jurisdiction to enforce an order or decision of the commission entered pursuant to the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education

- 1 Act and to enforce this section.
- 2 (4) Any person or public institution aggrieved by a final
- order of the commission entered pursuant to section 85-1413, 85-1414,
- 4 85-1415, or 85-1416 shall be entitled to judicial review of the order.
- 5 Proceedings for review shall be instituted by filing a petition in the
- 6 district court of Lancaster County within thirty days after public
- 7 notice of the final decision by the commission is given. The filing of
- 8 the petition or the service of summons upon the commission shall not
- 9 stay enforcement of such order. The review shall be conducted by the
- 10 court without a jury on the record of the commission. The court shall
- 11 have jurisdiction to enjoin enforcement of any order of the commission
- 12 which is (a) in violation of constitutional provisions, (b) in excess
- of the constitutional or statutory authority of the commission, (c)
- made upon unlawful procedure, or (d) affected by other error of law.
- 15 (5) A party may secure a review of any final judgment of the
- 16 district court by appeal to the Court of Appeals. Such appeal shall be
- 17 taken in the manner provided by law for appeals in civil cases and
- shall be heard de novo on the record.
- 19 Sec. 35. Section 85-1503, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 20 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 21 85-1503. For purposes of sections 85-1501 to 85-1540, unless
- the context otherwise requires:
- 23 (1) Community college shall mean an educational institution
- 24 operating and offering programs pursuant to such sections;
- 25 (2) Community college area shall mean an area established by
- 26 section 85-1504;
- 27 (3) Board shall mean the Community College Board of

Governors for each community college area;

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- 2 Full-time equivalent student shall mean, the aggregate, the equivalent of a registered student who 3 4 twelve-month period is enrolled in (a) thirty semester credit hours or 5 forty-five quarter credit hours of classroom, laboratory, clinical, 6 practicum, or independent study course work or cooperative work 7 experience or (b) nine hundred contact hours of classroom or laboratory course work for which credit hours are not offered or awarded. Avocational and recreational community service programs or courses shall not be included in determining full-time equivalent 10 11 students or student enrollment;
- 12 (5) Contact hour shall mean an educational activity
 13 consisting of sixty minutes minus break time and required time to
 14 change classes;
 - educational value of course work offered by the institution to students enrolling for such course work, earned by such students upon successful completion of such course work, and for which tuition is charged. A credit hour may be offered and earned in any of several instructional delivery systems, including, but not limited to, classroom hours, laboratory hours, clinical hours, practicum hours, cooperative work experience, and independent study. A credit hour shall consist of a minimum of: (a) Ten quarter or fifteen semester classroom contact hours per term of enrollment; (b) twenty quarter or thirty semester academic transfer and academic support laboratory hours per term of enrollment; (c) thirty quarter or forty-five semester vocational laboratory hours per term of enrollment; (d)

thirty quarter or forty-five semester clinical or practicum contact hours per term of enrollment; or (e) forty quarter or sixty semester cooperative work experience contact hours per term of enrollment. An institution may include in a credit hour more classroom, laboratory, clinical, practicum, or cooperative work experience hours than the minimum required in this subdivision. The institution shall publish in its catalog, or otherwise make known to the student in writing prior to the student enrolling or paying tuition for any courses, the number of credit or contact hours offered in each such course. Such published credit or contact hour offerings shall be used to determine whether a student is a full-time equivalent student pursuant to subdivision (4) of this section;

- (7) Classroom hour shall mean a minimum of fifty minutes of formalized instruction on campus or off campus in which a qualified instructor applying any combination of instructional methods such as lecture, directed discussion, demonstration, or the presentation of audiovisual materials is responsible for providing an educational experience to students;
- (8) Laboratory hour shall mean a minimum of fifty minutes of educational activity on campus or off campus in which students conduct experiments, perfect skills, or practice procedures under the direction of a qualified instructor;
- (9) Clinical hour shall mean a minimum of fifty minutes of educational activity on campus or off campus during which the student is assigned practical experience under constant supervision at a health-related agency, receives individual instruction in the performance of a particular function, and is observed and critiqued in

the repeat performance of such function. Adjunct professional personnel, who may or may not be paid by the college, may be used for the directed supervision of students and for the delivery of part of the didactic phase of the experience;

- (10) Practicum hour shall mean a minimum of fifty minutes of educational activity on campus or off campus during which the student is assigned practical experiences, receives individual instruction in the performance of a particular function, and is observed and critiqued by an instructor in the repeat performance of such function. Adjunct professional personnel, who may or may not be paid by the college, may be used for the directed supervision of the students; (11) Cooperative work experience shall mean an internship or on-the-job training, designed to provide specialized skills and
- educational experiences, which is coordinated, supervised, observed, and evaluated by qualified college staff or faculty and may be completed on campus or off campus, depending on the nature of the
- 17 arrangement;

- (12) Independent study shall mean an arrangement between an instructor and student in which the instructor is responsible for assigning work activity or skill objectives to the student, personally providing needed instruction, assessing the student's progress, and assigning a final grade. Credit hours shall be assigned according to the practice of assigning credits in similar courses;
- 24 (13) Full-time equivalent student enrollment total shall
 25 mean the total of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a
 26 community college in any fiscal year;
- 27 (14) General academic transfer course shall mean a course

offering in a one-year or two-year degree-credit program, at the associate degree level or below, intended by the offering institution for transfer into a baccalaureate program. The completion of the specified courses in a general academic transfer program may include the award of a formal degree;

- (15) Applied technology or occupational course shall mean a course offering in an instructional program, at the associate degree level or below, intended to prepare individuals for immediate entry into a specific occupation or career. The primary intent of the institutions offering an applied technology or occupational program shall be that such program is for immediate job entry. The completion of the specified courses in an applied technology or occupational program may include the award of a formal degree, diploma, or certificate;
- (16) Academic support course shall mean a general education academic course offering which may be necessary to support an applied technology or occupational program;
- (17) Class 1 course shall mean an applied technology or occupational course offering which requires the use of equipment, facilities, or instructional methods easily adaptable for use in a general academic transfer program classroom or laboratory;
- (18) Class 2 course shall mean an applied technology or occupational course offering which requires the use of specialized equipment, facilities, or instructional methods not easily adaptable for use in a general academic transfer program classroom or laboratory;
- 26 laboratory;

(19) Reported aid equivalent student shall mean a full-time

1 equivalent student subject to the following limitations:

- 2 (a) The number of credit hours which can be counted for each
- 3 student per semester or quarter shall be limited to eighteen credit
- 4 hours;
- 5 (b) For students enrolled for more than eighteen credit
- 6 hours, credit hours for each course shall be prorated as the
- 7 eighteen-credit-hour limit is to the student's total credit hours for
- 8 the semester or quarter;
- 9 (c) The credit-hour limit for a special instructional term
- 10 shall be prorated on the same ratio that a fifteen-week term is to
- 11 eighteen semester credit hours or a ten-week term is to eighteen
- 12 quarter credit hours; and
- 13 (d) The number of credit and contact hours which shall be
- 14 counted by any community college area in which a tribally controlled
- 15 community college is located shall include credit and contact hours
- 16 awarded by such tribally controlled community college to students for
- 17 which such institution received no federal reimbursement pursuant to
- the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act, 25 U.S.C.
- 19 1801;
- 20 (20) Reported aid equivalent total shall mean the total of
- 21 all reported aid equivalents accumulated in a community college area
- in any fiscal year;
- 23 (21) Reimbursable educational unit shall mean a reported aid
- 24 equivalent student multiplied by (a) for a general academic transfer
- 25 course or an academic support course, a factor of one, (b) for a Class
- 26 1 course, a factor of one and fifty-hundredths, (c) for a Class 2
- 27 course, a factor of one and eight-tenths for fiscal year 1995-96 and

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for the three-year averages, a factor of one and nine-tenths for fiscal year 1996-97 and for the three-year averages, and a factor of two for fiscal year 1997-98 and each fiscal year thereafter and for the three-year averages, (d) for a tribally controlled community college general academic transfer course or academic support course, a factor of two, (e) for a tribally controlled community college Class 1 course, a factor of three, and (f) for a tribally controlled community college Class 2 course, a factor of three and six-tenths for fiscal year 1995-96 and for the three-year averages, a factor of three and eight-tenths for fiscal year 1996-97 and for the three-year averages, 10 11 and a factor of four for fiscal year 1997-98 and each fiscal year 12 thereafter and for the three-year averages;

- (22) Reimbursable educational unit total shall mean the total of all reimbursable educational units accumulated in a community college area in any fiscal year; 15
- 16 (23) Special instructional term shall mean any term which is less than fifteen weeks for community colleges using semesters or ten 17 weeks for community colleges using quarters; 18
 - (24) Statewide reimbursable reported aid equivalent total shall mean the total of all reimbursable reported aid equivalents accumulated statewide for the community college in any fiscal year;
- 22 (25) Tribally controlled community college shall mean an 23 educational institution operating and offering programs pursuant to 24 the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act, 25 U.S.C. 25 1801; and
- (26) Tribally controlled community college state aid amount 26 27 shall mean the quotient of the amount of state aid to be distributed

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pursuant to sections 85 1536 and 85 1537 for the current fiscal year to a community college area in which a tribally controlled community college is located divided by the average of the reimbursable educational unit totals for such community college area for the immediately preceding three fiscal years, with such quotient then multiplied by the average reimbursable educational units derived pursuant to subdivision (19)(d) of this section for the immediately preceding three fiscal years.

- 9 Sec. 36. Section 85-1511, Reissue Revised Statutes of 10 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 85-1511. In addition to any other powers and duties imposed upon the community college system or its areas, campuses, or boards by sections 85-917 to 85-966 and 85-1501 to 85-1540 and any other provision of law, each board shall:
 - (1) Have general supervision, control, and operation of each community college within its jurisdiction;
 - (2) Subject to coordination by the Coordinating Commission Postsecondary Education as prescribed in the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education Act, develop and offer programs of applied technology education, academic transfer programs, academic support courses, and such other programs and courses as the needs of the community college area served may require. The board shall avoid unnecessary duplication of existing programs and courses in meeting the needs of the students and the community college (3) Employ, for a period to be fixed by the board, executive

officers, members of the faculty, and such other administrative

officers and employees as may be necessary or appropriate and fix

- their salaries and duties;
- 2 (4) Subject to coordination by the Coordinating Commission
- 3 for Postsecondary Education as prescribed in the Coordinating
- 4 Commission for Postsecondary Education Act, construct, lease,
- 5 purchase, purchase on contract, operate, equip, and maintain
- 6 facilities;
- 7 (5) Contract for services connected with the operation of
- 8 the community college area as needs and interest demand;
- 9 (6) Cause an examination and comprehensive audit of the
- 10 books, accounts, records, and affairs, including full-time equivalent
- 11 student enrollment totals, reported aid equivalent totals, and
- reimbursable educational unit totals as defined in section 85-1503, to
- 13 be made annually covering the most recently completed fiscal year. The
- 14 audit of each area shall include the full-time equivalent student
- 15 enrollment totals, reported aid equivalent totals, and reimbursable
- 16 educational unit totals for the three most recently completed fiscal
- 17 years which shall be used for calculation of aid to the community
- 18 college areas.as prescribed in section 85 1536. The audit shall
- 19 also include the county-certified property valuations for the
- 20 community college area for the three most recently completed fiscal
- 21 years which shall be used for calculation of aid to such community
- 22 college areas. Such examination and audit of the books, accounts,
- 23 records, and affairs shall be completed and filed with the Auditor of
- 24 Public Accounts and the Department of Administrative Services on or
- 25 before October 15 of each year. The examination and audit of the
- 26 full-time equivalent student enrollment totals, reported aid
- 27 equivalent totals, and reimbursable educational unit totals shall be

completed and filed with the Auditor of Public Accounts and the
Department of Administrative Services on or before August 15 of each
year;

- (7) Establish fees and charges for the facilities authorized by sections 85-1501 to 85-1540. Each board may enter into agreements with owners of facilities to be used for housing regarding the management, operation, and government of such facilities and may employ necessary employees to govern, manage, and operate such facilities;
- (8) Receive such gifts, grants, conveyances, and bequests of real and personal property from public or private sources as may be made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, whenever the terms and conditions thereof will aid in carrying out the community college programs as specified by law. Each board may sell, lease, exchange, invest, or expend such gifts, grants, conveyances, and bequests or the proceeds, rents, profits, and income therefrom according to the terms and conditions thereof and adopt and promulgate rules and regulations governing the receipt and expenditure of such proceeds, rents, profits, and income, except that acceptance of such gifts, grants, or conveyances shall not be conditioned on matching state or local funds;
- (9) Prescribe the courses of study for any community college under its control and publish such catalogs and bulletins as may be necessary;
- (10) Grant to every student upon graduation or completion of a course of study a suitable diploma, associate degree, or certificate;
- 27 (11) Adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations and

perform all other acts as the board may deem necessary or appropriate
to the administration of the community college area. Such rules and
regulations shall include, but not be limited to, rules and
regulations relating to facilities, housing, scholarships, discipline,
and pedestrian and vehicular traffic on property owned, operated, or
maintained by the community college area;

- (12) Employ, for a period to be fixed by the board, an executive officer for the community college area and, by written order filed in its office, delegate to such executive officer any of the powers and duties vested in or imposed upon it by sections 85-1501 to 85-1540. Such delegated powers and duties may be exercised in the name of the board;
- 13 (13) Acquire real property by eminent domain pursuant to sections 76-701 to 76-724;
 - (14) Acquire real and personal property and sell, convey, or lease such property whenever the community college area will be benefited thereby. The sale, conveyance, or lease of any real estate owned by a community college area shall be effective only when authorized by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all the members of the board;
 - (15) Enter into agreements for services, facilities, or equipment and for the presentation of courses for students when such agreements are deemed to be in the best interests of the education of the students involved;
 - (16) Transfer tribally controlled community college state aid amounts to a tribally controlled community college located within its community college area;

1 (17) Invest, after proper consideration of the requirements 2 for the availability of money, funds of the community college in 3 securities the nature of which individuals of prudence, discretion, 4 and intelligence acquire or retain in dealing with the property of 5 another;

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- (18) Establish tuition rates for courses of instruction offered by each community college within its community college area.

 Separate tuition rates shall be established for students who are nonresidents of the State of Nebraska;
- 10 (19) Establish a fiscal year for the community college area
 11 which conforms to the fiscal year of the state; and
- 12 (20) Exercise any other powers, duties, and responsibilities
 13 necessary to carry out sections 85-1501 to 85-1540.
- 14 Sec. 37. Section 85-1515, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

general obligation bonds for the purchase, construction, reconstruction, equipping, demolition, or alteration of capital assets, including accessibility barrier elimination project costs and abatement of environmental hazards as such terms are defined in section 79-10,110, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements, or appurtenances and other facilities connected with the operation of the community colleges. Each board may establish in its budget a capital improvement and bond sinking fund. Such fund shall be used (1) first for the retirement of bonds assumed by the board in accordance with the provisions of such bonds, (2) then for (a) renewal work and deferred maintenance as defined in section

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81-173, (b) handicapped access and life safety improvements made to existing structures or grounds including accessibility barrier elimination project costs and abatement of environmental hazards as such terms are defined in section 79-10,110, and (c) projects designed to prevent or correct a waste of energy, including measures taken to utilize alternate energy sources, all in accordance with the capital facilities plan of the community college area, (3) then for the retirement of bonds issued pursuant to this section, and (4) then for the purchasing, purchasing on contract, constructing, and improving of facilities necessary to carry out sections 85-1501 to 85-1540. Revenue bonds issued shall be subject to sections 85-1520 to 85-1527. No general obligation bonds shall be issued without the approval by a majority vote of the qualified electors of the community college area voting in an election called for such purpose pursuant to section 85-1518. No bonds issued under sections 85-1501 to 85-1540 shall be an obligation of the State of Nebraska, and no state tax shall be levied to raise funds for the payment thereof or interest thereon. Beginning January 1, 2008, no community college area may issue debt pledging property tax revenue. Any debt existing on that date which pledges property tax revenue shall be a valid obligation of the property tax and property taxes shall be levied to satisfy such debt until such debt is fully paid and the obliqation liquidated.

- Sec. 38. Section 85-1526, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 26 85-1526. In issuing revenue bonds pursuant to section
 27 85-1515 or sections <u>85-1515 and</u> 85-1520 to 85-1527, the board

issuing such bonds shall be a governmental subdivision and instrumentality of the State of Nebraska and all bonds issued under the authority of such sections, together with interest on such bonds, shall be wholly exempt from taxation.

Sec. 39. Section 85-1535, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

85-1535. A board of a community college area with a population of less than one hundred thousand according to the last federal decennial census and a campus located on a former military base may enter into contracts with any person, firm, or corporation providing for the implementation of any project for the constructing and improving of facilities to house applied technology educational programs necessary to carry out sections 85-1501 to 85-1540 and providing for the long-term payment of the cost of such project.

In no case shall any such contract run for a period longer than twenty years or shall the aggregate of existing contracts exceed four million five hundred thousand dollars for each area exclusive of administrative costs, credit enhancement costs, financing costs, capitalized interest, and reserves dedicated to secure payment of contracts.

No contract shall be entered into pursuant to this section without prior approval by a resolution of the board and the approval of the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education.

The long-term payment of the cost of such project shall be paid from revenue to be raised pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of section 85 1517. Any board entering into such contract for the construction and improvement of facilities from revenue to be raised

pursuant to such subdivision shall make annual appropriations for amounts sufficient to pay annual obligations under such contract for the duration of such contract.

The board may also convey or lease and lease back all or any part of the project and the land on which such project is situated to such person, firm, or corporation as the board may contract with pursuant to this section to facilitate the long-term payment of the cost of such project. Any such conveyance or lease shall provide that when the cost of such project has been paid, together with interest and other costs thereon, such project and the land on which such project is located shall become the property of the community college area.

13 Sec. 40. Section 85-1537, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

appropriate an additional two million one hundred eighty seven thousand dollars for aid to community colleges to fund eighty percent of the community colleges' need. The base year for calculating need shall be fiscal year 2006-07, with future adjustments reflecting increases equal to two percent plus the percentage increase, if any, in full-time equivalent students from the second year to the first year preceding the year for which the aid is being determined. If the Legislature fails to appropriate adequate funds for the program, the funds appropriated shall be apportioned on a pro rata basis. Such amount shall be in addition to any other amounts appropriated for aid to community colleges and shall be distributed pursuant to sections 85 1536 and 85 1538.

Sec. 41. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2008. 1 2 Sec. 42. Original sections 18-2115, 77-3443, 77-3501, 77-3509.01, 77-3509.02, 77-3509.03, 77-3510, 3 77-3512, 77-3516, 77-3521, 77-3522, 77-3523, 77-3529, 85-933, 85-1418, 4 5 85-1511, 85-1515, 85-1526, 85-1535, and 85-1537, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections 13-503, 13-518, 13-519, 72-2302, 6 72-2303, 72-2304, 72-2306, 77-201, 77-1601.02, 77-3442, 77-3513, 7 77-3514, 77-5023, 85-1402, 85-1416, and 85-1503, Revised Statutes 8 9 Cumulative Supplement, 2006, and section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, as affected by Referendum 2006, No. 422, 10 11 are repealed. 43. The following sections are outright repealed: 12 Sections 85-1501.01, 85-1516, 85-1518, and 85-1536, Reissue Revised 13 14 Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 85-1517 and 85-1536.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006. 15